ICEF 2022 9<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting

#### October 5, 2022 Siva Gunda, Vice Chair, California Energy Commission



#### California is Implementing Ambitious Climate Goals

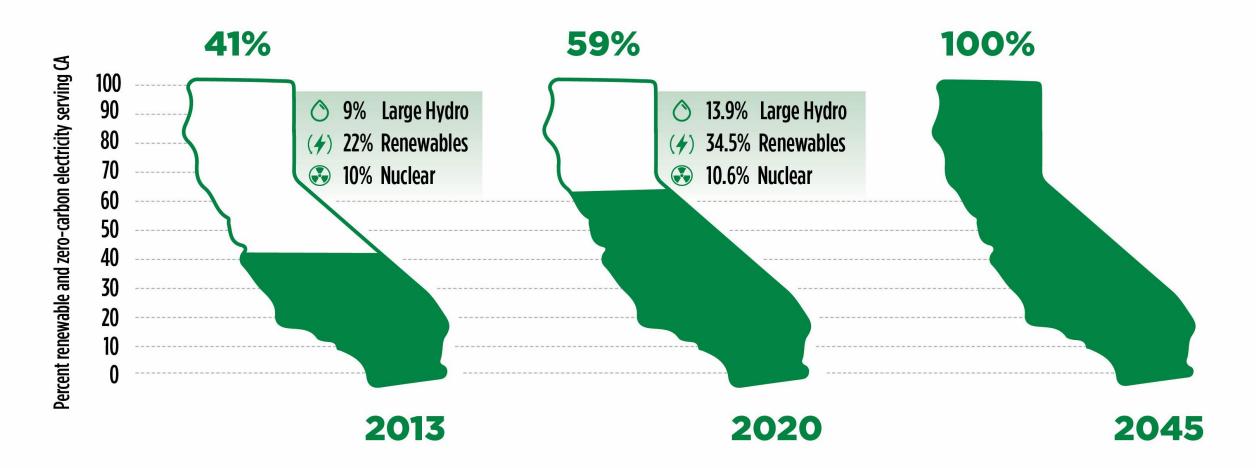


• Carbon Neutrality for our diverse population no later than 2045

#### Electric Grid Planning

- 100% Clean Electricity by 2045
- 90% Clean Electricity by 2040
- 90% Clean Electricity by 2035

### **Progress to 100% Clean Electricity**





# California

#### Clean Electricity Resources

# Projected to increase annual costs 6% above a 60% RPS baseline

- \* Includes in-state
- \*\* Includes in-state and out of state capacity
- \* New hydro and nuclear resources were not candidate technologies for this round of modeling and could not be selected

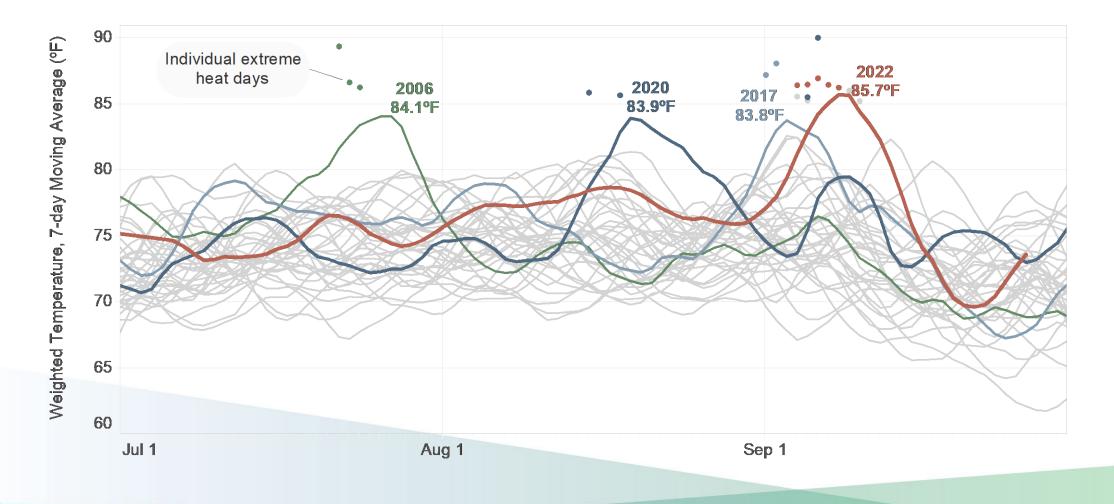
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Achieving 100% Clean Electricity in California

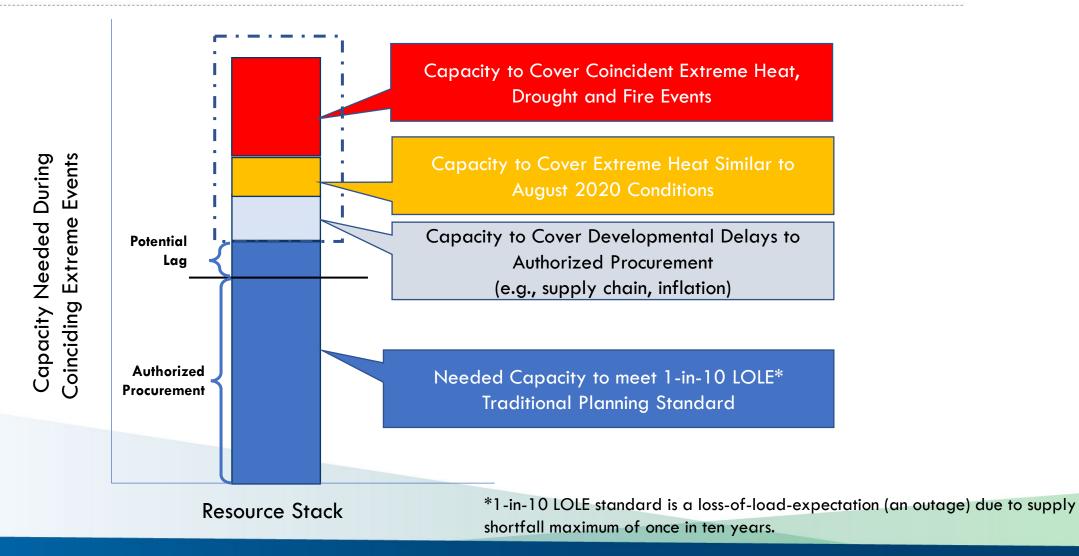
	Solar (Utility-Scale)	 12.5
	Solar <b>(Customer)</b>	 8.0
	Storage (Battery)	 0.2
( <b>+</b> , <b>f</b> -)	Storage (Long Duration)	 3.7
	Wind (Onshore)	 6.0
	Wind (Offshore)	 0
	Geothermal	 2.7
	Biomass	 1.3
	Hydrogen Fuel Cells	 0
	Hydro <b>(Large)</b>	 12.3
	Hydro <b>(Small)</b>	 1.8
	Nuclear	 2.4

Existing Reso	urces	Projected New Resources			
 2019*		2030**		2045**	
 12.5 GW		16.9 GW		<b>69.4</b> GW	
 8.0 GW		12.5 GW		28.2 GW	
 <b>0.2</b> GW		<b>9.5</b> GW		48.8 GW	
 <b>3.7</b> GW		<b>0.9</b> GW		<b>4.0</b> GW	
 6.0 GW		8.2 GW		12.6 GW	
 <b>0</b> GW		<b>0</b> GW		10.0 GW	
 2.7 GW		<b>0</b> GW		<b>0.1</b> GW	
 1.3 GW		<b>0</b> GW		<b>0</b> GW	
 <b>0</b> GW		<b>0</b> GW		<b>0</b> GW	
 12.3 GW		<b>N/A</b> †		<b>N/A</b> †	
 1.8 GW		<b>N/A</b> †		<b>N/A</b> †	
 <b>2.4</b> GW		<b>N/A</b> †		<b>N/A</b> †	

# A More Extreme Climate

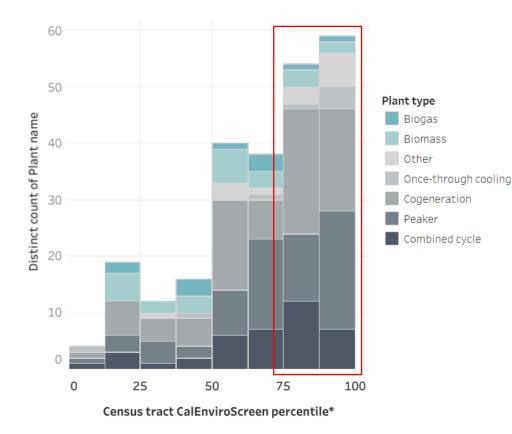


#### Climate Risks to Reliability



# Power Plants are Disproportionately Located in Disadvantaged Communities

Distribution of plants by CalEnviroScreen percentile



- Prioritization of Retirement of Fossil fleet in Disadvantaged and highly burdened communities
- Acceleration of electrification and improvement of air and water quality
- Expand and accelerate demand side opportunities

Source: PSE Healthy Energy California Power Map

# Flex Alert Performance over the Past Two Years

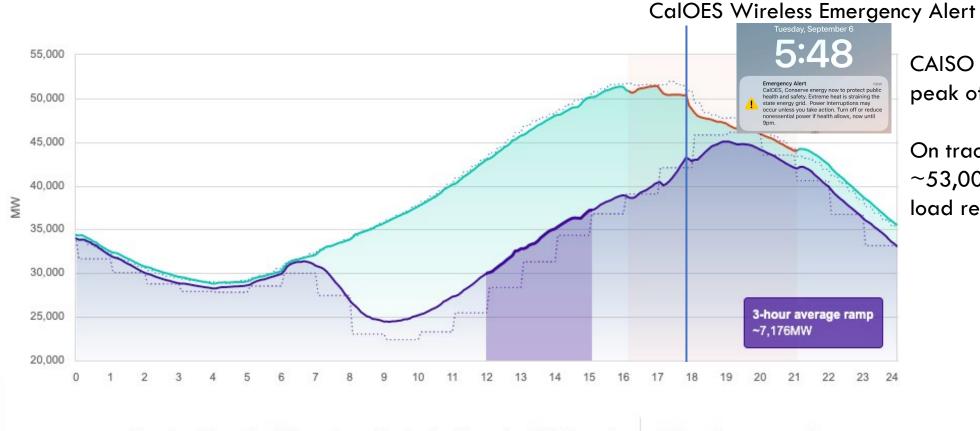
#### 2020

395-2300MW (Higher Range with GO Communication in September)

#### 2021

June			July		August Septembe		ember
Date	Conservation		Date	Conservation		Dete	<b>O</b>
			July 9 <sup>th</sup> , 2021	None Observed		Date	Conservation
June 17 <sup>th</sup> , 2021	85-735 MWs		July 9 , 2021	None Observed	No-Flex Alerts	8-Sep-21	0-120MW
June 18 <sup>th</sup> , 2021	77-413 MWs		July 10 <sup>th</sup> , 2021	18-190 MWs		9-Sep-21	40-650MW
I			July 12 <sup>th</sup> , 2021	380-940 MWs	×		
		_	July 28 <sup>th</sup> , 2021	0-100 MWs			
					GO Communica	tion	

# Demand Flexibility is Critical to Reliability



CAISO experienced a system peak of ~52,000 MW

On track for a peak of ~53,000 before demand side load reductions

Hour-ahead forecast • Demand

Day-ahead net forecast • Net demand

Demand response event

# Key Questions

- How to transition from voluntary appeals to dependable and sustainable long-term solutions?
- How to value the contribution of demand response to reliability and compensate it appropriately?
- How to transition demand response from behavior change to a lifestyle change? What is the role of automation?